ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

for

H. B. 2515

(BY DELEGATE(S) R. PHILLIPS, J. NELSON, ELDRIDGE, H. WHITE, MARCUM, REYNOLDS, L. PHILLIPS, R. SMITH, SOBONYA, HILL AND ARVON)

> [Passed March 14, 2015; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §20-2-4, §20-2-5, §20-2-5a, §20-2-5g, §20-2-22a and §20-2-42w of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated §20-2-5h, all relating to wildlife; disallowing elk to be possessed if struck by motor vehicle; requiring persons required to deliver wildlife to official checking station to electronically register wildlife; increasing fine for illegal taking of elk; prohibiting hunting wildlife with night vision technology, drone or

other unmanned aircraft; clarifying when a person may carry certain firearms; permitting a person to carry firearm for self defense while in the woods; clarifying when a shotgun or rifle is unloaded; permitting hunting with crossbows during certain seasons and with certain limitations; establishing elk management area in Southern West Virginia; establishing elk damage fund; providing for criminal penalties for the illegal taking of elk; clarifying bear laws and Class Y permits; authorizing director to propose legislative rules; and making technical corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §20-2-4, §20-2-5, §20-2-5a, §20-2-5g, §20-2-22a and §20-2-42w of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §20-2-5h, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-4. Possession of wildlife.

(a) Except for wildlife, lawfully taken, killed or obtained, no 1 person may have in his or her possession any wildlife, or parts 2 thereof, during closed seasons. It is unlawful to possess any 3 4 wildlife, or parts thereof, which have been illegally taken, killed 5 or obtained. Any wildlife illegally taken, killed or possessed shall be forfeited to the state and shall be counted toward the 6 7 daily, seasonal, bag, creel and possession limit of the person in possession of, or responsible for, the illegal taking or killing of 8 9 any wildlife.

(b) Wildlife lawfully taken outside of this state is subject tothe same laws and rules as wildlife taken within this state.

(c) Migratory wild birds may be possessed only in
accordance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, 16 U. S. C.
§703, *et seq.*, and its regulations.

(d) The restrictions in this section do not apply to the
director or duly authorized agents, who may take or maintain in
captivity any wildlife for the purpose of carrying out the
provisions of this chapter.

19 (e) Wildlife, except protected birds, elk, spotted fawn, and 20 bear cubs, killed or mortally wounded as a result of being accidentally or inadvertently struck by a motor vehicle may be 21 lawfully possessed if the possessor of the wildlife provides 22 notice of the claim within twelve hours to a relevant 23 24 law-enforcement agency, and obtains a nonhunting game tag 25 within twenty-four hours of possession. The director shall propose administrative policy which addresses the means, 26 methods and administrative procedures for implementing the 27 28 provisions of this section.

29 (f) Persons required to deliver wildlife to an official checking station shall, in accordance with rules promulgated by 30 31 the director, electronically register the wildlife in lieu of the delivery to an official checking station. "Electronically register" 32 33 means submission of all necessary and relevant information to 34 the division, in the manner designated by rule, in lieu of delivery of the wildlife to an official checking station. The director may 35 36 promulgate rules, pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a 37 of this code, governing the electronic registration of wildlife.

§20-2-5. Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing and other unlawful acts.

Except as authorized by the director or by law, it is unlawful
 at any time for any person to:

3 (1) Shoot at any wild bird or wild animal unless it is plainly4 visible;

5 (2) Dig out, cut out, smoke out, or in any manner take or 6 attempt to take any live wild animal or wild bird out of its den or 7 place of refuge;

8 (3) Use or attempt to use any artificial light or any night 9 vision technology, including image intensification, thermal 10 imaging or active illumination while hunting, locating, 11 attracting, taking, trapping or killing any wild bird or wild 12 animal: *Provided*, That it is lawful to hunt or take coyote, fox, 13 raccoon, opossum or skunk by the use of artificial light or night 14 vision technology.

15 Any person violating this subdivision is guilty of a 16 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall for each 17 offense be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, and shall 18 be confined in jail for not less than ten days nor more than one 19 hundred days;

(4) Hunt, take, kill, wound or shoot at wild animals or wild
birds from an airplane or other airborne conveyance, a drone or
other unmanned aircraft, an automobile or other land
conveyance, or from a motor-driven water conveyance;

(5) Use a drone or other unmanned aircraft to hunt, take or
kill a wild bird or wild animal, or to use a drone or other
unmanned aircraft to drive or herd any wild bird or wild animal
for the purposes of hunting, trapping or killing;

(6) Take any beaver or muskrat by any means other than atrap;

30 (7) Catch, capture, take, hunt or kill by seine, net, bait, trap
31 or snare or like device a bear, wild turkey, ruffed grouse,
32 pheasant or quail;

(8) Intentionally destroy or attempt to destroy the nest or
eggs of any wild bird or have in his or her possession the nest or
eggs;

36 (9) Carry an uncased or loaded firearm in the woods of this37 state with the following permissible exceptions:

(A) A person in possession of a valid license or permit
during open firearms hunting season for wild animals and
nonmigratory wild birds;

(B) A person hunting or taking unprotected species of wild
animals, wild birds and migratory wild birds during the open
season, in the open fields, open water and open marshes of the
state;

45 (C) A person carrying a firearm pursuant to sections six and46 six-a of this article; or

47 (D) A person carrying a firearm for self defense who is not
48 prohibited from possessing firearms by section seven, article
49 seven, chapter sixty-one of this code;

50 (10) Have in his or her possession a crossbow with a nocked bolt, or a rifle or shotgun with cartridges that have not been 51 removed or a magazine that has not been detached, in or on any 52 53 vehicle or conveyance, or its attachments,. For the purposes of 54 this section, a rifle or shotgun whose magazine readily detaches 55 is considered unloaded if the magazine is detached and no 56 cartridges remain in the rifle or shotgun itself. Except that between five o'clock post meridian of day one and seven o'clock 57 ante meridian, Eastern Standard Time, of the following day, any 58 59 unloaded firearm or crossbowmay be carried only when in a case 60 or taken apart and securely wrapped. During the period from 61 July 1 to September 30, inclusive, of each year, the requirements 62 relative to carrying unloaded firearms are permissible only from 63 eight-thirty o'clock post meridian to five o'clock ante meridian, 64 Eastern Standard Time: Provided, That the time periods for 65 carrying unloaded and uncased firearms are extended for one 66 hour after the post meridian times and one hour before the ante meridian times established in this subdivision, if a person is 67 68 transporting or transferring the firearms to or from a hunting site, campsite, home or other abode; 69

70 (11) Hunt, catch, take, kill, trap, injure or pursue with 71 firearms or other implement by which wildlife may be taken 72 after the hour of five o'clock ante meridian on Sunday on private 73 land without the written consent of the landowner any wild 74 animals or wild birds except when a big game season opens on 75 a Monday, the Sunday prior to that opening day will be closed 76 for any taking of wild animals or birds after five o'clock ante meridian on that Sunday: Provided, That traps previously and 77 78 legally set may be tended after the hour of five o'clock ante 79 meridian on Sunday and the person tending the traps may carry firearms for the purpose of humanely dispatching trapped 80 animals. Any person violating this subdivision is guilty of a 81 82 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any 83 fines that may be imposed by this or other sections of this code, 84 is subject to a \$100 fine;

85 (12) Hunt, catch, take, kill, injure or pursue a wild animal or86 wild bird with the use of a ferret;

87 (13) Buy raw furs, pelts or skins of fur-bearing animals88 unless licensed to do so;

(14) Catch, take, kill or attempt to catch, take or kill any fish
by any means other than by rod, line and hooks with natural or
artificial lures: *Provided*, That snaring of any species of suckers,
carp, fallfish and creek chubs is lawful;

(15) Employ, hire, induce or persuade, with money, things
of value or by any means, any person to hunt, take, catch or kill
any wild animal or wild bird except those species in which there
is no closed season; or to fish for, catch, take or kill any fish,
amphibian or aquatic life that is protected by rule, or the sale of
which is otherwise prohibited;

99 (16) Hunt, catch, take, kill, capture, pursue, transport,100 possess or use any migratory game or nongame birds except as

permitted by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, 16 U. S. C. §703, *etseq.*, and its regulations;

(17) Kill, take, catch, sell, transport or have in his or her
possession, living or dead, any wild bird other than a game bird
including the plumage, skin or body of any protected bird,
irrespective of whether the bird was captured in or out of this
state, except the English or European sparrow (Passer
domesticus), starling (Sturnus vulgaris) and cowbird (Molothrus
ater), which may be killed at any time;

(18) Use dynamite, explosives or any poison in any waters
of the state for the purpose of killing or taking fish. Any person
violating this subdivision is guilty of a felony and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$500 or
imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than three
years, or both fined and imprisoned;

(19) Have a bow and gun, or have a gun and any arrow, inthe fields or woods at the same time;

(20) Have a crossbow in the woods or fields, or use a
crossbow to hunt for, take or attempt to take any wildlife except
as otherwise provided in sections five-g and forty-two-w of this
article;

- (21) Take or attempt to take turkey, bear, elk or deer with
 any arrow unless the arrow is equipped with a point having at
 least two sharp cutting edges measuring in excess of three
 fourths of an inch wide;
- (22) Take or attempt to take any wildlife with an arrow
 having an explosive head or shaft, a poisoned arrow or an arrow
 which would affect wildlife by any chemical action;
- 129 (23) Shoot an arrow across any public highway;

130 (24) Permit any dog owned or under his or her control to 131 chase, pursue or follow the tracks of any wild animal or wild 132 bird, day or night, between May 1 and August 15: Provided, 133 That dogs may be trained on wild animals and wild birds, except 134 deer and wild turkeys, and field trials may be held or conducted 135 on the grounds or lands of the owner, or by his or her bona fide 136 tenant, or upon the grounds or lands of another person with his or her written permission, or on public lands at any time. 137 138 Nonresidents may not train dogs in this state at any time except 139 during the legal small game hunting season. A person training dogs may not have firearms or other implements in his or her 140 141 possession during the closed season on wild animals and wild 142 birds;

(25) Conduct or participate in a trial, including a field trial, 143 shoot-to-retrieve field trial, water race or wild hunt: Provided, 144 145 That any person, group of persons, club or organization may hold a trial upon obtaining a permit pursuant to section fifty-six 146 of this article. The person responsible for obtaining the permit 147 148 shall prepare and keep an accurate record of the names and 149 addresses of all persons participating in the trial and make the records readily available for inspection by any natural resources 150 151 police officer upon request;

(26) Hunt, catch, take, kill or attempt to hunt, catch, take orkill any wild animal, wild bird or wild fowl except during openseasons;

(27) Hunting on public lands on Sunday after five o'clockante meridian is prohibited;

157 (28) Hunt, catch, take, kill, trap, injure or pursue with 158 firearms or other implement which wildlife can be taken, on 159 private lands on Sunday after the hour of five o'clock ante 160 meridian: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subdivision do 161 not apply in any county until the county commission of the 162 county holds an election on the question of whether the 163 provisions of this subdivision prohibiting hunting on Sunday shall apply within the county and the voters approve the 164 165 allowance of hunting on Sunday in the county. The election is 166 determined by a vote of the resident voters of the county in which the hunting on Sunday is proposed to be authorized. The 167 168 county commission of the county in which Sunday hunting is proposed shall give notice to the public of the election by 169 170 publication of the notice as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in 171 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine 172 of this code and the publication area for the publication is the 173 county in which the election is to be held. The date of the last 174 publication of the notice shall fall on a date within the period of 175 the fourteen consecutive days next preceding the election.

176 On the local option election ballot shall be printed the 177 following:

Shall hunting on Sunday be authorized on private lands onlywith the consent of the land owner in _____ County?

- 180 []Yes
- 181 [] No

182 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your choice.)

Any local option election to approve or disapprove of the proposed authorization of Sunday hunting within a county shall be in accordance with procedures adopted by the commission. The local option election may be held in conjunction with a primary or general election or at a special election. Approval shall be by a majority of the voters casting votes on the question of approval or disapproval of Sunday hunting at the election.

190 If a majority votes against allowing Sunday hunting, an191 election on the issue may not be held for a period of one hundred

four weeks. If a majority votes "yes", an election reconsidering 192 193 the action may not be held for a period of five years. A local 194 option election may thereafter be held if a written petition of 195 qualified voters residing within the county equal to at least five 196 percent of the number of persons who were registered to vote in the next preceding general election is received by the county 197 198 commission of the county in which Sunday hunting is authorized. The petition may be in any number of counterparts. 199 200 The election shall take place at the next primary or general 201 election scheduled more than ninety days following receipt by 202 the county commission of the petition required by this 203 subsection: Provided, That the issue may not be placed on the ballot until all statutory notice requirements have been met. No 204 205 local law or regulation providing any penalty, disability, 206 restriction, regulation or prohibition of Sunday hunting may be 207 enacted and the provisions of this article preempt all regulations, rules, ordinances and laws of any county or municipality in 208 209 conflict with this subdivision.

- Amendments to this subdivision promulgated during the 211 2015 regular session of the Legislature shall have no effect upon
- 212 the results of elections held prior to their enactment; and
- (29) Hunt or conduct hunts for a fee when the person is not
 physically present in the same location as the wildlife being
- 215 hunted within West Virginia.

§20-2-5a. Forfeiture by person causing injury or death of game or protected species of animal; additional replacement costs for antlered deer; forfeiture procedures and costs.

- 1 (a) Any person who is convicted of violating a criminal law 2 of this state that results in the injury or death of game, as defined
- 3 in section two, article one of this chapter, or a protected species
- 4 of animal, in addition to any other penalty to which he or she is

5 subject, shall forfeit the cost of replacing the game or protected6 species of animal to the state as follows:

7 (1) For each game fish or each fish of a protected species
8 taken illegally other than by pollution kill, \$10 for each pound
9 and any fraction thereof;

- 10 (2) For each bear, \$500;
- 11 (3) For each deer or raven, \$200;

12 (4) For each wild turkey, hawk or owl, \$100;

13 (5) For each beaver, otter or mink, \$25;

14 (6) For each muskrat, raccoon, skunk or fox, \$15;

15 (7) For each rabbit, squirrel, opossum, duck, quail,16 woodcock, grouse or pheasant, \$10;

- 17 (8) For each wild boar, \$200;
- 18 (9) For each bald eagle, \$5,000;
- 19 (10) For each golden eagle, \$5,000;
- 20 (11) For each elk, \$4,500; and

(12) For any other game or protected species of animal,\$100.

(b) In addition to the replacement value for deer in
subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section, the following cost
shall also be forfeited to the state by any person who is convicted
of violating any criminal law of this state and the violation
causes the injury or death of antlered deer:

(1) For any deer in which the inside spread of the main
beams of the antlers measured at the widest point equals 14
inches or greater but less than 16 inches, \$1,000;

31 (2) For any deer in which the inside spread of the main
32 beams of the antlers measured at the widest point equals 16
33 inches or greater but less than 18 inches, \$1,500;

34 (3) For any deer in which the inside spread of the main
35 beams of the antlers measured at the widest point equals 18
36 inches or greater but less than 20 inches, \$2,000; and

(4) For any deer in which the inside spread of the main
beams of the antlers measured at the widest point equals 20
inches or greater, \$2,500.

40 (5) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent
41 violation of any criminal law of this state which violation causes
42 the injury or death of antlered deer is subject to double the
43 authorized range of cost to be forfeited.

44 (c) Upon conviction, the court shall order the person to 45 forfeit to the state the amount set forth in this section for the 46 injury or death of the game or protected species of animal. If two or more defendants are convicted for the same violation 47 causing the injury or death of game or protected species of 48 49 animal, the forfeiture shall be paid by each person in an equal 50 amount. The forfeiture shall be paid by the person so convicted 51 within the time prescribed by the court not to exceed sixty days. In each instance, the court shall pay the forfeiture to the Division 52 53 of Natural Resources to be deposited into the License 54 Fund-Wildlife Resources and used only for the replacement, 55 habitat management or enforcement programs for injured or 56 killed game or protected species of animal.

§20-2-5g. Use of a crossbow to hunt.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the
- 2 contrary, any person lawfully entitled to hunt may hunt with a
- 3 crossbow during big game firearms season. A person who

4 possesses a valid Class Y permit may also hunt with a crossbow
5 in accordance with section forty-two-w of this article. Further,
6 the director shall designate a separate season for crossbow
7 hunting and identify which species of wildlife may be hunted
8 with a crossbow.

9 (b) Only crossbows meeting all of the following 10 specifications may be used for hunting in West Virginia:

(1) The crossbow has a minimum draw weight of onehundred twenty-five pounds;

13 (2) The crossbow has a working safety; and

(3) The crossbow is used with bolts and arrows not less than
eighteen inches in length with a broad head having at least two
sharp cutting edges, measuring at least three fourths of an inch
in width.

§20-2-5h. Elk management area; elk damage fund; criminal penalties; rule-making.

1 (a) *Findings.* — The Legislature finds that Eastern Elk were once a common, native species in the state prior to and following 2 its formation, but historical records indicate native elk were 3 4 extirpated from the state around 1875. Until recently, free roaming elk have not been present in the state. However, elk are 5 now migrating to the state from Kentucky, which has an active 6 elk restoration program. Therefore, the Division of Natural 7 8 Resources has established an active elk restoration program in Southern West Virginia. 9

(b) *Elk management area.* — The division has established an
elk restoration management plan to reintroduce elk to all of
Logan County, Mingo County, McDowell County and Wyoming
County, and part of Boone County, Lincoln County and Wayne

14 County. The director and the division may not expand the elk15 management area without statutory authorization.

16 (c) *Elk damage fund.* — There is hereby created a special 17 revenue account in the State Treasury to be known as the Elk 18 Damage Fund to be administered by the division. Ten percent 19 from all application fees for the hunting of elk are to be 20 deposited into the Elk Damage Fund." Expenditures from the 21 fund shall be for the payment of damages caused to agricultural 22 crops, agricultural fences and personal gardens by elk.

(d) *Criminal penalties.* — It shall be unlawful for any person
to hunt, capture or kill any elk, or have in his or her possession
elk or elk parts, except for elk lawfully taken, killed or obtained
during an established open hunting season for elk or by permit.

(1) Any person who commits a violation of the provisions of
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000,
or confined in jail not less than thirty nor more than one hundred
days, or both fined and confined.

(2) Any person who commits a second violation of the
provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$2,000 nor more
than \$7,500, or confined in jail not less than thirty days nor more
than one year, or both fined and confined.

(3) Any person who commits a third or subsequent violation
of the provisions of this section is guilty of a felony and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$5,000 nor more
than \$10,000, or imprisoned in a state correctional facility not
less than one year nor more than five years, or both fined and
imprisoned.

43 (e) *Rulemaking.* — The director shall propose rules for
44 promulgation in accordance with the provisions of article three,
45 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to:

- 46 (1) Set forth the parameters of the elk management plan;
- 47 (2) Establish the procedures for the issuance of depredation48 permits to persons suffering damage from elk;
- 49 (3) Establish protocols for the control of elk outside the elk50 management area;
- 51 (4) Establish hunting application fees and procedures;
- (5) Establish procedures for reimbursement from the elk
 damage fund to those with damage to agricultural crops,
 agricultural fences and personal gardens caused by elk; and
- (6) Establish protocols for ensuring elk imported to the state
 are healthy, tested for tuberculosis, brucellosis and other diseases
 of critical concern, and from an area where chronic wasting
 disease has not been detected.

§20-2-22a. Hunting, tagging and reporting bear; procedures applicable to property destruction by bear; penalties.

- (a) A person may not hunt, capture, or kill any bear, or have
 in his or her possession any bear or bear parts, except during the
 hunting season for bear in the manner designated by rule or law,
 and as provided in this section. For the purposes of this section,
 bear parts include, but are not limited to, the pelt, gallbladder,
 skull and claws of bear.
- 7 (b) A person who kills a bear shall, within twenty-four hours 8 after the killing, electronically register the bear. A game tag 9 number shall be issued to the person and recorded in writing 10 with the person's name and address, or on a field tag and shall 11 remain on the skin until it is tanned or mounted. Any bear or 12 bear parts not properly tagged shall be forfeited to the state for

13 disposal to a charitable institution, school or as otherwise14 designated by the director.

15 (c) It is unlawful:

16 (1) To hunt bear without a bear damage stamp, as prescribed
17 in section forty-four-b of this article, in addition to a hunting
18 license as prescribed in this article;

19 (2) To hunt a bear with:

20 (A) A shotgun using ammunition loaded with more than one21 solid ball; or

(B) A rifle of less than twenty-five caliber using rimfireammunition;

(3) To kill or attempt to kill any bear through the use ofpoison, explosives, snares, steel traps or deadfalls;

26 (4) To shoot at or kill:

(A) A bear weighing less than seventy-five pounds live
weight or fifty pounds field dressed weight, after removal of all
internal organs;

30 (B) Any bear accompanied by a cub; or

31 (C) Any bear cub so accompanied, regardless of its weight;

32 (5) To possess any part of a bear not tagged in accordance33 with the provisions of this section;

34 (6) To enter a state game refuge with firearms for the
35 purpose of pursuing or killing a bear except under the direct
36 supervision of division personnel;

37 (7) To hunt bear with dogs or to cause dogs to chase bear
38 during seasons other than those designated by the division for
39 the hunting of bear;

- 40 (8) To pursue a bear with a pack of dogs other than the pack
 41 used at the beginning of the hunt once the bear is spotted and the
 42 chase has begun;
- 43 (9) To possess, harvest, sell or purchase bear parts obtained44 from bear killed in violation of this section;
- (10) To organize for commercial purposes or to
 professionally outfit a bear hunt, or to give or receive any
 consideration whatsoever or any donation in money, goods or
 services in connection with a bear hunt, notwithstanding the
 provisions of sections twenty-three and twenty-four of this
 article; or
- (11) For any person who is not a resident of this state to hunt
 bear with dogs or to use dogs in any fashion for the purpose of
 hunting bear in this state except in legally authorized hunts.
- (d) The following provisions apply to bear destroyingproperty:
- (1) (A) Any property owner or lessee who has suffered
 damage to real or personal property, including loss occasioned
 by the death or injury of livestock or the unborn issue of
 livestock, caused by an act of a bear may complain to any natural
 resources police officer of the division for protection against the
 bear.

62 (B) Upon receipt of the complaint, the officer shall 63 immediately investigate the circumstances of the complaint. If 64 the officer is unable to personally investigate the complaint, he 65 or she shall designate a wildlife biologist to investigate on his or 66 her behalf.

67 (C) If the complaint is found to be justified, the officer or 68 designated person may, together with the owner and other residents, proceed to hunt, destroy or capture the bear that 69 70 caused the property damage: Provided, That only the natural 71 resources police officer or the wildlife biologist may determine 72 whether to destroy or capture the bear and whether to use dogs 73 to capture or destroy the bear: Provided, however, That, if outof-state dogs are used in the hunt, the owners of the dogs are the 74 75 only nonresidents permitted to participate in hunting the bear.

76 (2) (A) When a property owner has suffered damage to real 77 or personal property as the result of an act by a bear, the owner shall file a report with the director of the division. The report 78 79 shall state whether or not the bear was hunted and destroyed and, if so, the sex, weight and estimated age of the bear. The report 80 shall also include an appraisal of the property damage 81 82 occasioned by the bear duly signed by three competent 83 appraisers fixing the value of the property lost.

(B) The report shall be ruled upon and the alleged damages
examined by a commission comprised of the complaining
property owner, an officer of the division and a person to be
jointly selected by the officer and the complaining property
owner.

89 (C) The division shall establish the procedures to be 90 followed in presenting and deciding claims under this section in 91 accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

92 (D) All claims shall be paid in the first instance from the 93 Bear Damage Fund provided in section forty-four-b of this 94 article. In the event the fund is insufficient to pay all claims 95 determined by the commission to be just and proper, the 96 remainder due to owners of lost or destroyed property shall be 97 paid from the special revenue account of the division. 98 (3) In all cases where the act of the bear complained of by 99 the property owner is the killing of livestock, the value to be established is the fair market value of the livestock at the date of 101 death. In cases where the livestock killed is pregnant, the total 102 value is the sum of the values of the mother and the unborn 103 issue, with the value of the unborn issue to be determined on the 104 basis of the fair market value of the issue had it been born.

105 (e) Criminal penalties. - (1) Any person who commits a 106 violation of the provisions of this section is guilty of a 107 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 108 less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000, which is not subject to 109 suspension by the court, confined in jail not less than thirty nor more than one hundred days, or both fined and confined. 110 Further, the person's hunting and fishing licenses shall be 111 112 suspended for two years.

(2) Any person who commits a second violation of the
provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$2,000 nor more
than \$7,500, which is not subject to suspension by the court,
confined in jail not less than thirty days nor more than one year,
or both fined and confined. The person's hunting and fishing
licenses shall be suspended for life.

(3) Any person who commits a third or subsequent violation
of the provisions of this section is guilty of a felony and, upon
conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$5,000 nor more
than \$10,000, which is not subject to suspension by the court,
imprisoned in a correctional facility not less than one year nor
more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

§20-2-42w. Class Y special crossbow hunting permit for certain disabled persons.

1 (a) A Class Y permit is a special statewide hunting permit 2 entitling a person to hunt all wildlife during established archery

3 and firearm seasons if the person meets the following 4 requirements:

5 (1) He or she holds a Class Q permit;

6 (2) He or she has a permanent and substantial loss of 7 function in one or both hands while failing to meet the minimum 8 standards of the upper extremity pinch, grip and nine-hole peg 9 tests administered under the direction of a licensed physician; or

(3) He or she has a permanent and substantial loss of
function in one or both shoulders while failing to meet the
minimum standards of the shoulder strength test administered
under the direction of a licensed physician.

14 (b) The application form shall include a written statement or 15 report prepared by the physician conducting the test no more than six months preceding the application and verifying that the 16 applicant is physically disabled as described in this section. As 17 part of the application, the applicant shall authorize, by written 18 19 release, an examination of all medical records regarding his or 20 her qualifying disability. When completed, the permit form constitutes a Class Y permit. The Class Y permit and a 21 completed license application shall be submitted to the Division, 22 23 which will issue a wallet-sized card to the permittee. The card and all other documents and identification required to be carried 24 25 by this article shall be in the permittee's possession when 26 hunting.

(c) A Class Y permit must be accompanied by a valid
statewide hunting license or the applicant must be exempt from
hunting licenses as provided in this chapter.

21 [Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. No. 2515

That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman, House Committee

Chairman, Senate Committee

Originating in the House.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Clerk of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

The within ______ this the _____

day of _____, 2015.

Governor